



HEALTH, TEACHING, EPIDEMIOLOGY AND INTERPERSONAL RELATIONS

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This volume, brings several articles resulting from research on health education and it is hoped that wishes of the magazine readers will be met regarding the subject, as well as contribute and subsidize new research.

Health is a field of work that requires specific training and constant updating. Health education is a process that demands pedagogical actions, with interdisciplinary nature, that aims to favor the process the teaching-learning process. Such a proposal has grown in recent years, seeking better qualification of health professionals, for better attention, aiming at the integration between teaching and service.¹ For this, there were several strategies for updating and adapting the training of health professionals, from undergraduate to postgraduate *Stricto sensu*.

This volume, presents articles related to the theme, starting with the article on the Health Work Education Program (PET-Saúde), entitled "Pro-health, Pet-health and teacher education" – dialogical literature review" and "The contribution of preceptors related to social control in the formation of students in Primary Care ". These address the teaching-service integration from undergraduate.

Continuing the theme Teaching, the article "Characteristics of scientific production on the theme Teaching in Health from FAMED / UFAL" brings the scientific production produced at the Faculty of Medicine of the Federal University of Alagoas, which has a postgraduate program where they are offered Vacancies for a specialization course and the Professional Master in Health Education.

The article "Prototype for verification of learning in clinical laboratory during supervised internship" that brings the use of "Dynamic and interactive digital resources as an alternative to enhance the learning process" seeking to "assist students and preceptors in the learning process".

Epidemiology is again present among the topics covered in our journal, appearing, in this volume, in the articles: Maternal mortality of black women: epidemiological profile in Alagoas "and" Eczema Prevalence Trend and Risk Factors in a Northeastern City of Brazil".

The Quilombola communities in Brazil are in 24 states, and Alagoas is the state where the Zumbi dos Palmares quilombo is, the largest quilombo of the Brazilian colonial

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period, being the state where he was born one of the greatest icons of black resistance to slavery, which gave the name the Quilombo.² Quilombola communities are made up of people of African descent who were slaves and who maintain traditions of their people, both cultural and subsistence.

Despite all this and the progress that Brazil has been presenting “in some improvements in childbirth and birth care”, the “reduction of maternal and child morbidity and mortality remains a challenge” for black women who “do not have comprehensive care”, in addition to “genetic factors, such as predisposition to pathologies, diabetes and hypertension”, contributing to a higher risk of pregnancy in these populations.

Drug addiction is a serious and complex public health problem worldwide, although it is not a new and, therefore, not unique issue today. The article: “Health promotion of drug addicts: the construction of the active subject” addresses aspects of primary prevention, when health is placed as a moment within the health / disease process that is constantly changing in its various aspects and dimensions, and this is reflected in the practice of health professionals, who seek to review their role in the suffering subject. Thus, the patient comes to be seen as an active, integral being with specific needs and that modifies the care ³.

And, to close the volume, one brings the theme doctor-patient relationship in a hospital environment, addressed in the article titled: “Aspects of doctor-patient relationship in a university hospital”.

And, at the end of another year, we hope that new times will befall us by 2020, despite all the challenges that Education, Research and Health envision today. We wish you a happy 2020, as we show our gratitude to fellow reviewers and authors who contributed brilliantly to our Portal Magazine: health and society in 2019.

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